

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Nominal Capacity | 1.2Ah |
|--|-----------------|
| (1mA,+25 $^\circ\!{\mathbb C}6V$ cut off. The capacity restored by | the |
| cell varies according to current drain, temperature and cut-off) | |
| Nominal Voltage | 10.8V |
| Max. Continuous Current | 25mA |
| Max. Pulse Capability | 50mA |
| Storage (recommended) | Max.30 ℃ |
| (For more severe conditions,consult EPCOM) | |
| Operating Temperature Range - 60 |)℃~+85℃ |
| (Operation at temperature different from ambient may lead to | |

reduced capacity and lower voltage plateau readings)

ER9V



KEY FEATURESAPPLICATION

- High and stable operating voltage
- Low self discharge rate (less than 1% after 1 year of storage at 25°C)
- Long storage life

Weight

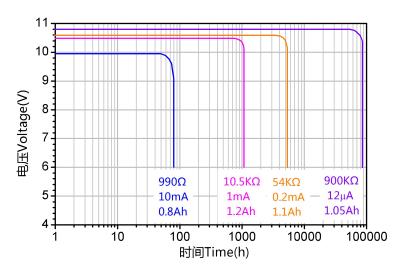
- Stainless steel container (with low magnet)
- > Widely operating temperature range
- Hermetic glass-to-metal sealing
- Non-flammable electrolyte
- CE,UL,SGS recognized, ISO9001 approved

- \succ Utility metering \succ Memory back-up Alarms and security devices Toll gate systems \geq \succ Military electronics \triangleright Automotive electronics \triangleright Professional electronics GPS tracking >
- Real time clock

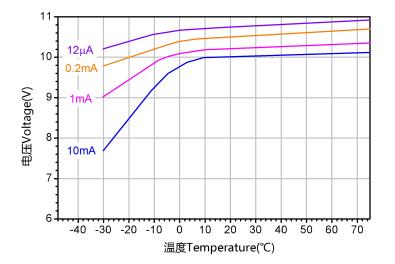
Note:Information in the document is just for reference.Latest edition of the publication, the right of interpretation subject to EPCOM.

Approx.34g

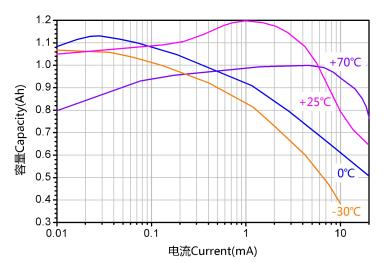
DISCHARGE CHARACTERISTICS (+25℃)

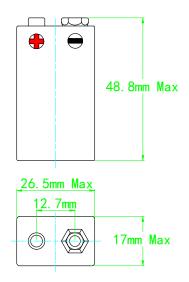


VOLTAGE VERSUS TEMPERATURE



CAPACITY VERSUS CURRENT





(For soft package consult EPCOM)

WARNING

- It is strictly forbidden to have the battery positive and negative short circuit, charging, discharging, heating over 100 °C, remove, anatomy, or may cause explosion, combustion, internal acid leakage.
- Do not solder directly on the battery, should use wire or nickel sheet by spot welding.
- Can not mixed use with old and new battery or mixed use different kinds battery.
- Don't assemble the batteries from different manufacturers.
- Do not use the battery over the temperature range.
- Discharged battery should be buried deeply in the ground.

http://www.epcom.net