Installation/Owner's Manual

Use this manual for circuit board 1601-010 Revision V or higher.

Intertek

1601-065-T-12-15

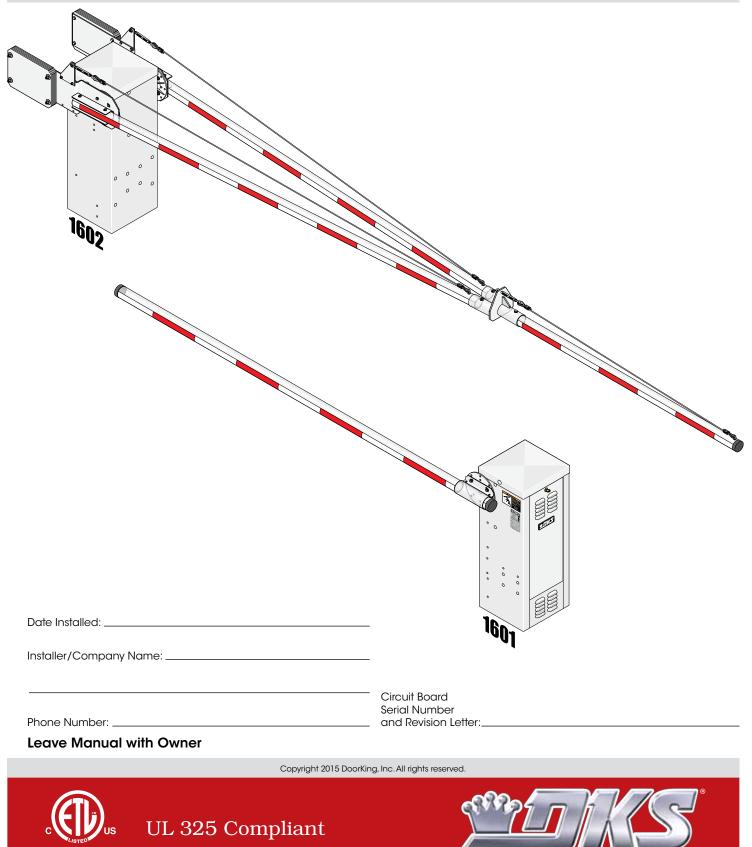
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1601 / 1602

Barrier Gate Operator

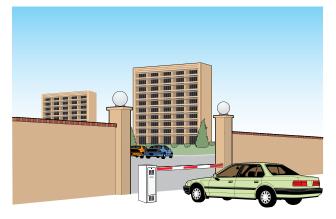


UL 325 Entrapment Protection for Vertical Barrier Arm

UL 325 Classifications



A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in garages or parking areas associated with a residence of one-to four single families. This does **NOT** apply to a vertical barrier arm.



Class II - Commercial/General Access Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as a multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel, garages, retail store, or other buildings accessible by or servicing the general public.



Class III - Industrial/Limited Access[®] Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not accessible by or intended to service the general public.



Vehicular Gate Operator

A vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

Gate Operator Category

Effective January 12, 2016	Horizontal Slide, Vertical Lift, Vertical Pivot	Swing, Vertical Barrier (Arm)
Entrapment Protection Types	A, B1*, B2* or D	A, B1*, B2*, C or D

Type A - Inherent entrapment protection system.

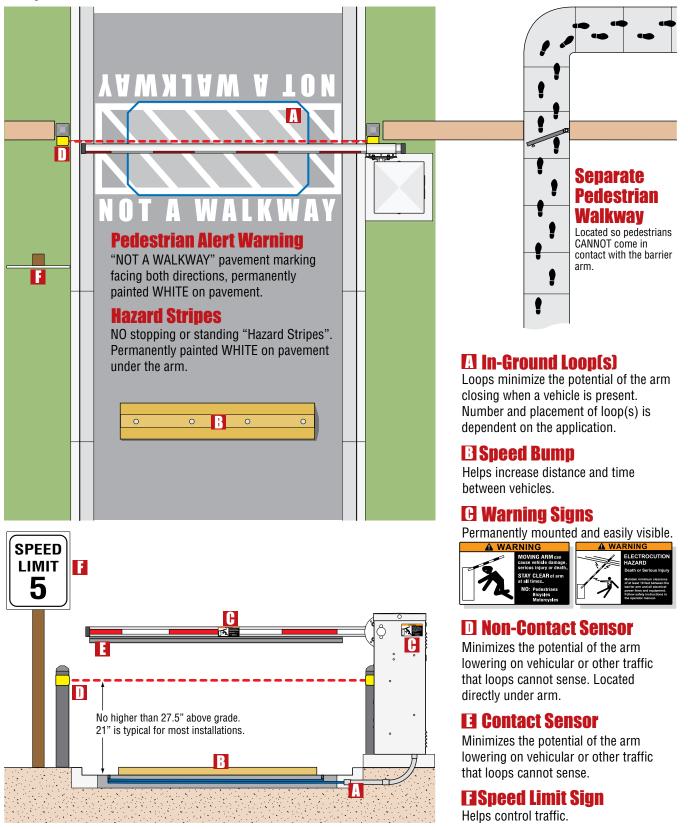
- Type B1 Non-contact sensor (photoelectric sensor or the equivalent).
- Type B2 Contact sensor (edge device or equivalent).
- **Type C** Inherent force limiting, inherent adjustable clutch or inherent pressure relief device.
- Type D Actuating device requiring constant pressure to maintain opening or closing motion of the gate.

* B1 and B2 means of entrapment protection must be MONITORED.

Vertical Barrier Note: Barrier gate operators (arm) that is not intended to move toward a rigid object closer than 16 inches (406 mm) are not required to be provided with a means of entrapment protection.

Safety and Traffic Management for Vertical Barrier Arm

Vehicular barrier gate operators can produce high levels of force. It is important that you are aware and eliminate possible HAZARDS; Pinch Points, Entrapment Areas, Overhead Power Wires, Absence of Controlled Pedestrian Access, and Traffic Management.



IMPORTANT Safety Information for Vertical Barrier Arm Reduce the risk of injury or death, read and follow all instructions.

Familiarize yourself with safety warnings, instructions, illustrations, and wiring guidelines to ensure that the installation is performed in a safe and professional manner. **Prior to installation check all local building codes and ordinances to ensure compliance.**



High Voltage Power Wires



IMPORTANT: A barrier gate operator installed **WITHOUT** any safety sensors **CANNOT** sense a person under the raised arm and can strike them while the arm is lowering.

This scenario is VERY DANGEROUS and MUST NEVER OCCUR!!

- Do not install the operator in such a way that the arm moves within 16 inches of a rigid object or 10 feet from high voltage power wires with arm in the raised position.
- Speed limit through barrier area is 5 MPH. Install speed bumps, warning signs and hazard stripes where visible in the area of the barrier gate, failure to do so may result in injury, damage to operator and vehicle.
- Users should be familiar with proper use of operator, these include; hardware operation, reversing functions and testing, reversing loops, inherent reversing system, electric edges, photoelectric cells related external devices and possible hazards.
- Keep adults, children and objects away from operator and HAZARD ZONES.

• Pedestrians MUST be provided with a separate access.

- All electrical connections should be made in accordance with local electrical codes.
- · Security features should be installed to avoid unauthorized use.
- Controls intended for user activation must be located at least six feet (6') away from any moving part of the barrier gate and where the user is prevented from reaching over, under or around the barrier gate to operate the controls.

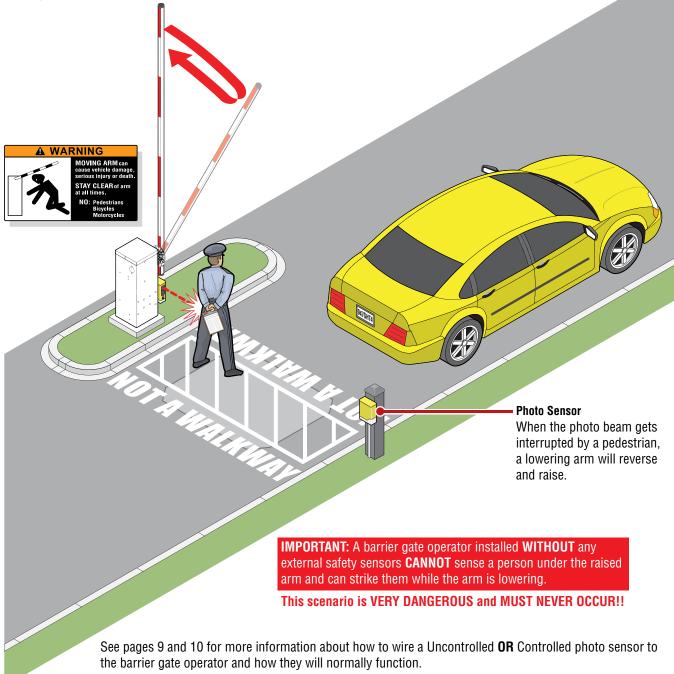
Emergency access controls only accessible by authorized personnel (e.g., fire, police, EMS) may be placed at any location in the line-of-sight of the barrier gate.

- When **manually** operating the gate operator arm, the user **MUST** make sure that the gate area is clear **BEFORE** operating the controls.
- When removing the operator lift the arm to the full open position and **shut off power at the service** panel.
- Operators and components should be properly installed and maintained following the recommended service schedule, test the operator monthly. Keep all debris away from operator housing vents and off of arm. Contact your service dealer for any maintenance or repairs.
- Vehicular barrier gate operators can produce high levels of force, it is important that you are aware and eliminate possible HAZARDS; Pinch Points, Entrapment Areas, Overhead Power Wires, Absence of Controlled Pedestrian Access, Traffic Backup.

DoorKing Recommended Safety for Vertical Barrier Arm

Reduce the risk of injury or death to a pedestrian, DoorKing recommends installing a non-contact sensor directly under the arm.

The barrier gate operator **CANNOT** sense a pedestrian under the raised arm without installing an external safety device. To help protect against an arm lowering on a pedestrian, **DoorKing recommends installing a photo sensor directly under the arm.**



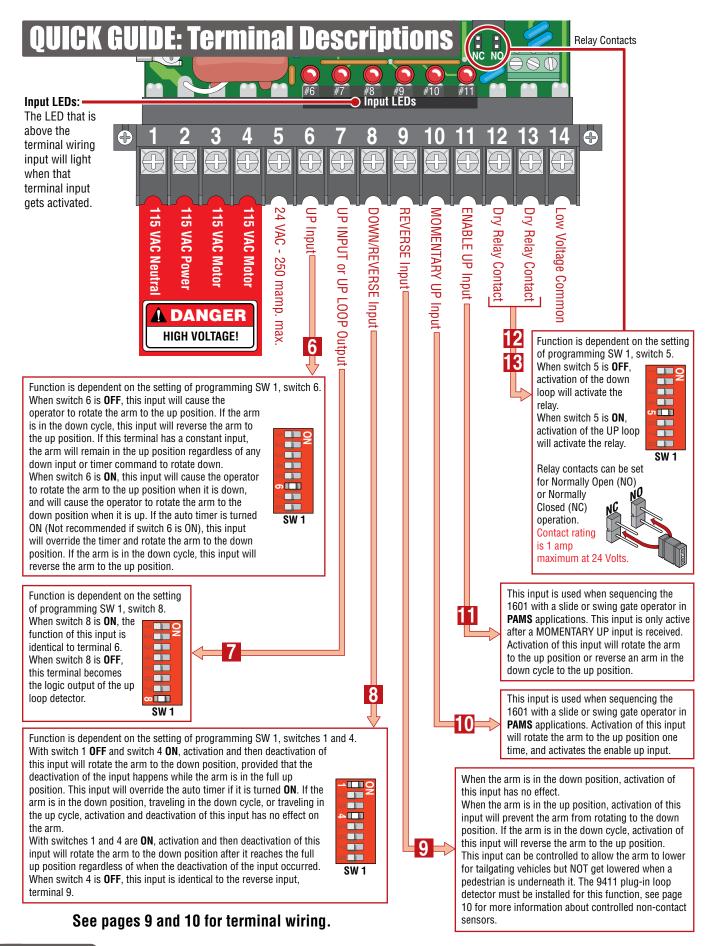
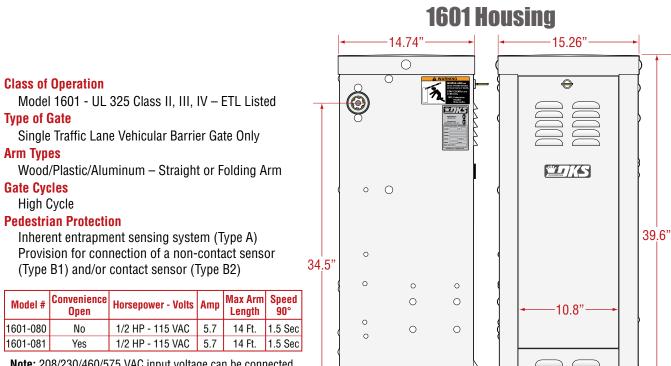


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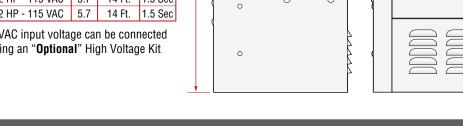
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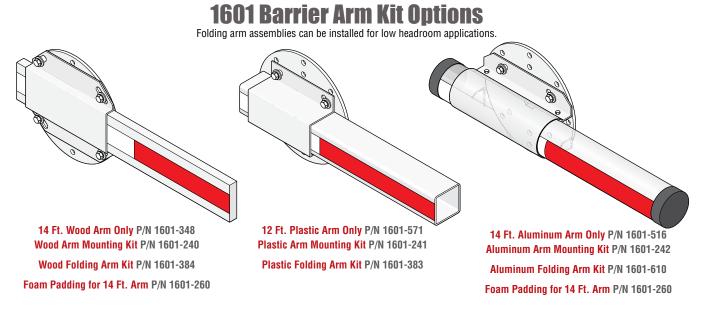
1601 SPECIFICATIONS

Use this manual for the Model 1601 operators with circuit board 1601-010 Rev V or higher ONLY.



Note: 208/230/460/575 VAC input voltage can be connected to the operator by installing an "Optional" High Voltage Kit (P/N 2600-266).



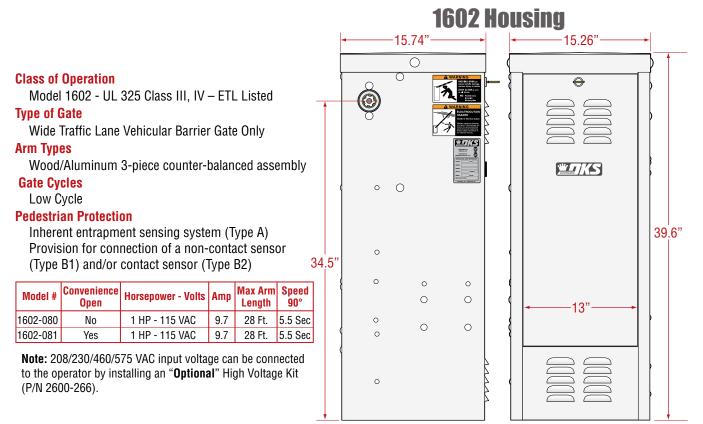


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Drawings not to sca

1602 SPECIFICATIONS

Use this manual for the Model 1602 operators with circuit board 1601-010 Rev V or higher ONLY.



1602 Barrier Arm Kit Options

3-Piece 20 Ft. Aluminum Arm Kit P/N 1602-162 3-Piece 24 Ft. Aluminum Arm Kit P/N 1602-164 3-Piece 27 Ft. Aluminum Arm Kit P/N 1602-166 (All hardware included in kits)

Foam Padding for 14 Ft. Arm P/N 1601-260

3-Piece 20 Ft. Wood Arms Only P/N 1602-340 3-Piece 20 Ft. Wood Arms Mounting Kit P/N 1602-041 Foam Padding for 14 Ft. Arm P/N 1601-260

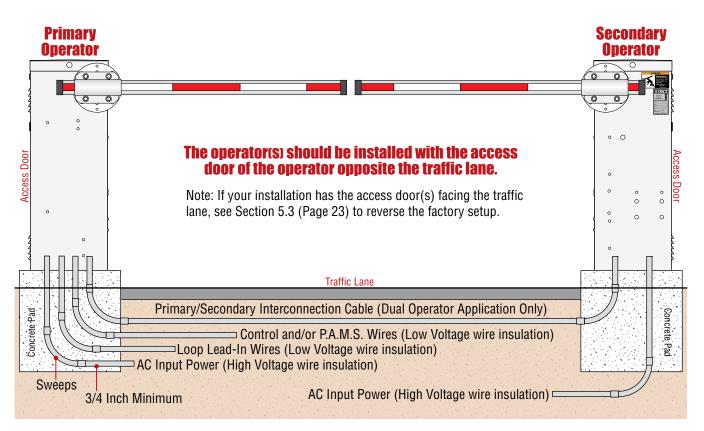
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SECTION 1 - INSTALLATION

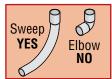
Prior to beginning the installation of the barrier gate operator, we suggest that you become familiar with the instructions, illustrations, and wiring guide-lines in this manual. This will help insure that your installation is performed in an efficient and professional manner.

The proper installation of the vehicular barrier gate operator is an extremely important and integral part of the overall access control system. Check all local building ordinances and building codes prior to installing this operator. Be sure your installation is in compliance with local codes.

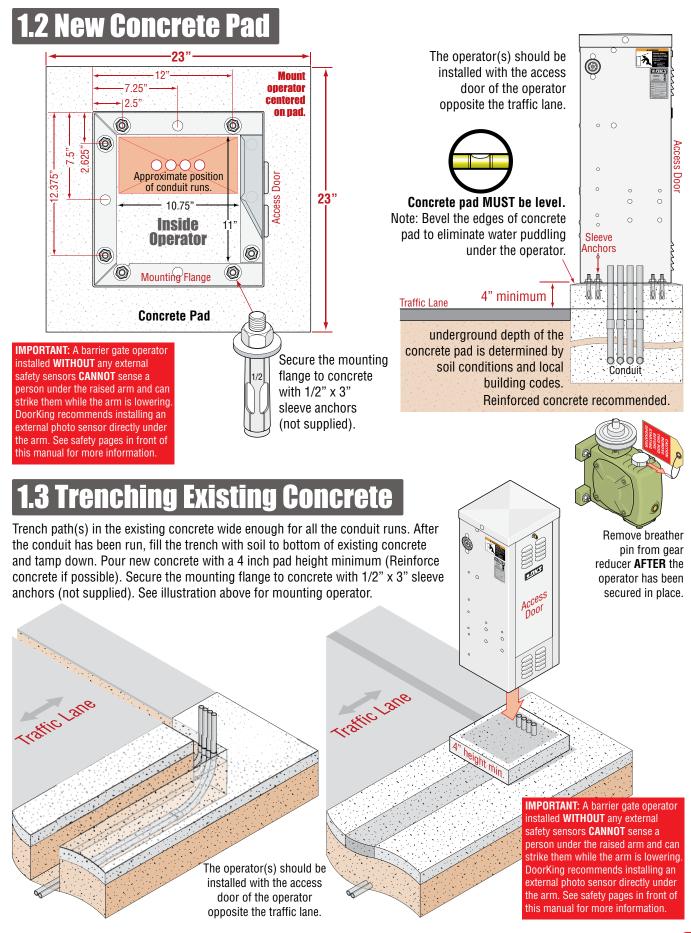
1.1 Underground Conduit Requirements



- The conduit requirements are for a typical slide gate operator installation (the secondary operator is shown for those applications where a secondary operator may be used). The conduit requirements for your application may vary from this depending on your specific needs.
- Use only sweeps for conduit bends. Do not use 90° elbows as this will make wire pulls very difficult and can cause damage to wire insulation.
- DoorKing recommends using 3/4-inch conduit.



- Be sure that all conduits are installed in accordance with local codes.
- **Never** run low voltage rated wire insulation in the same conduit as high voltage rated wire insulation.



SECTION 2 - WIRING

Before attempting to connect any wiring to the operator, be sure that the circuit breaker in the electrical panel is in the OFF position. Permanent wiring must be installed to the operator as required by local electrical codes. It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work.

Since building codes vary from city to city, we highly recommend that you check with your local building department prior to installing any permanent wiring to be sure that all wiring to the operator (both high and low voltage) complies with local code requirements.

THIS GATE OPERATOR MUST BE PROPERLY GROUNDED!!

2.1 High Voltage Wire Runs

The distance shown in the chart is measured in "**Feet**" from the operator to the power source. If power wiring is greater than the maximum distance shown, it is recommended that a service feeder be installed. When large gauge wire is used, a separate junction box must be installed for the operator connection. The wire table is based on stranded copper wire. Wire run calculations are based on the NEC recommended maximum 3% voltage drop on the power line, plus an additional 10% reduction in distance to allow for other losses in the system.

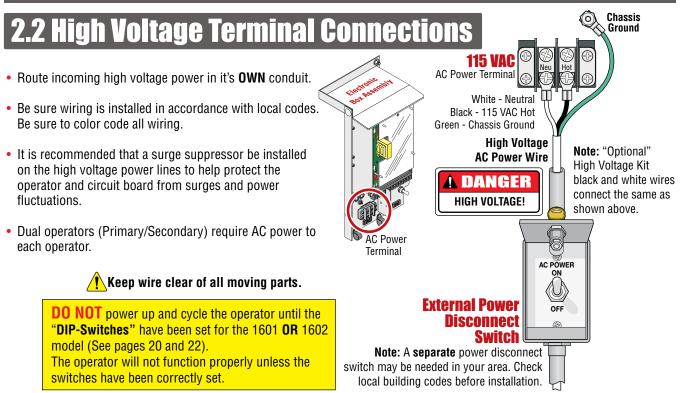
This table illustrates the high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations.

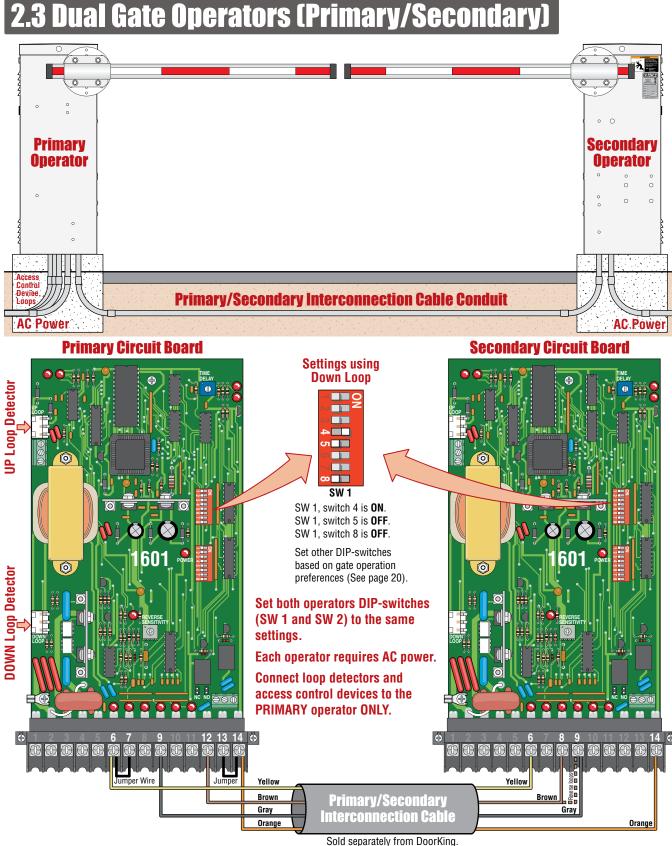
Model Voltage		Amps	Wire Size / Max Distance in Feet			
Type	Required	Required	12 AWG	10 AWG	8 AWG	6 AWG
1601 - 1/2 HP	115	5.7	170	275	460	690
1602 - 1 HP	115	9.7	100	162	270	405

Never run low voltage rated wire insulation in the same conduit as high voltage rated wire insulation.

"Optional" Heater Installation Note: When installing a heater, refer to the "high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations" table on the instruction sheet with the heater kit for AC power wire run limitations.

"Optional" High Voltage Kit Installation Note: When installing the high voltage kit for 208/230/460/575 VAC input power, refer to the "high voltage AC power wire size and distance limitations" table on the instruction sheet with the high voltage kit (P/N 2600-266) for AC power wire run limitations.

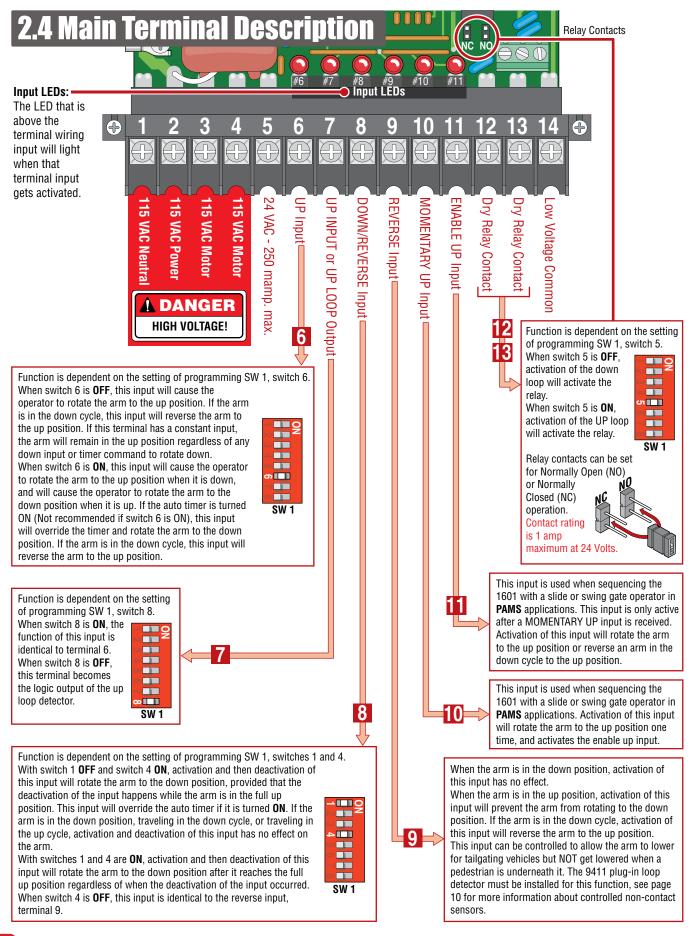


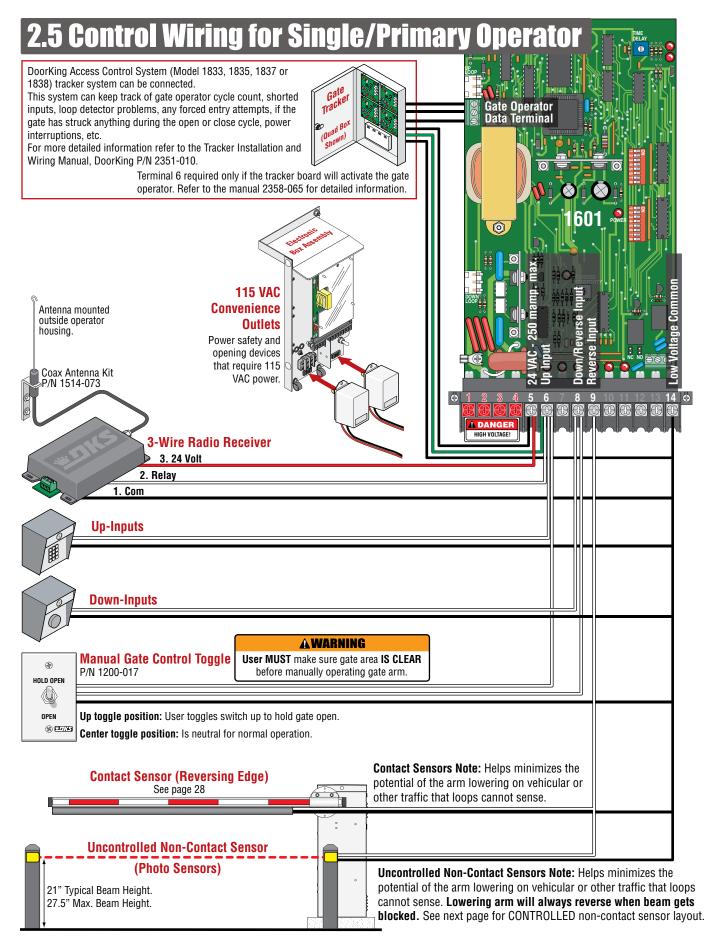


When using Reverse Loops:

4 wires used (8 - 18 AWG wires total).

DIP-Switch settings: SW 1, switch 4 is OFF. SW 1, switch 5 is OFF. SW 1, switch 8 is OFF. Set other DIP-switches based on gate operation preferences. Interconnection cable: The BROWN wire must be connected to SECONDARY TERMINAL #9 along with the GRAY wire. All other terminal wire connections are the same as shown above.



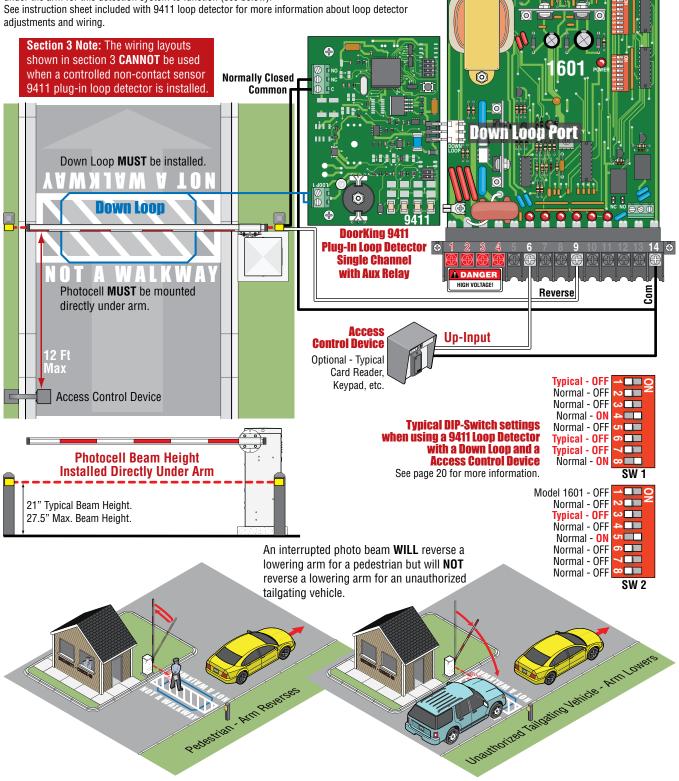


2.5 Continued

Controlled Non-Contact Sensor (Optional)

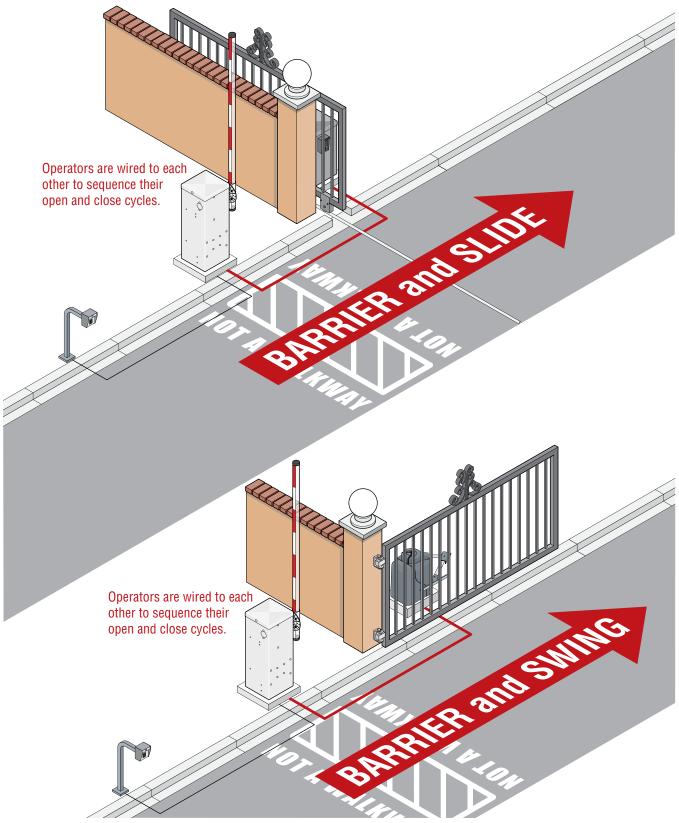
DoorKing offers a way to control vehicular traffic and help protect pedestrians from a lowering arm. The arm will **NOT** allow a tailgating second vehicle unauthorized entry but prevents the raised arm from lowering on a pedestrian that is in the arm swing path when the photo beam gets interrupted.

DoorKing's 9411 plug-in loop detector (sold separately) and a down loop MUST be installed directly under the arm for this detection system to function (see below).



2.6 P.A.M.S. Multiple Gate Operator Sequencing

Perimeter **A**ccess **M**anagement **S**olution (PAMS) application allows open and close cycle sequencing of a DoorKing barrier gate operator and a DoorKing slide or swing gate operator. For detailed PAMS wiring information, refer to the PAMS Technical Information and Wiring Manual.

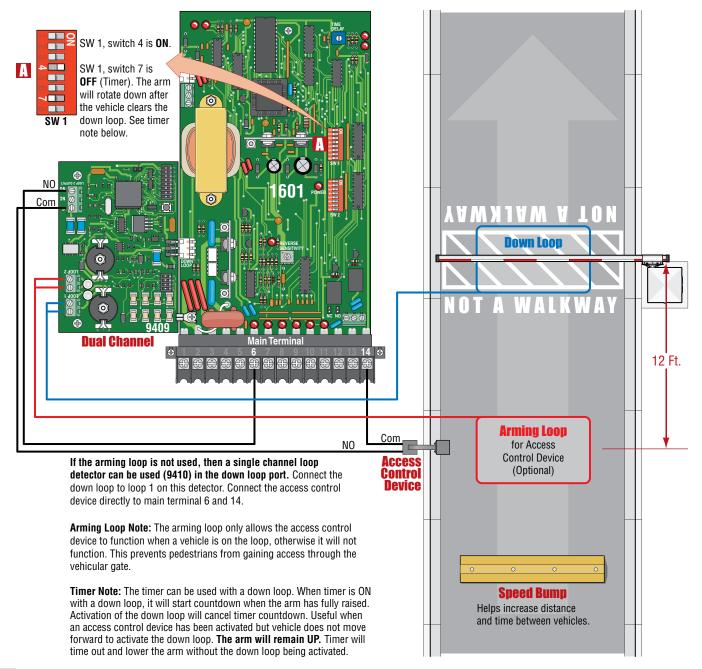


SECTION 3 - LOOP DETECTOR LANE SETUPS

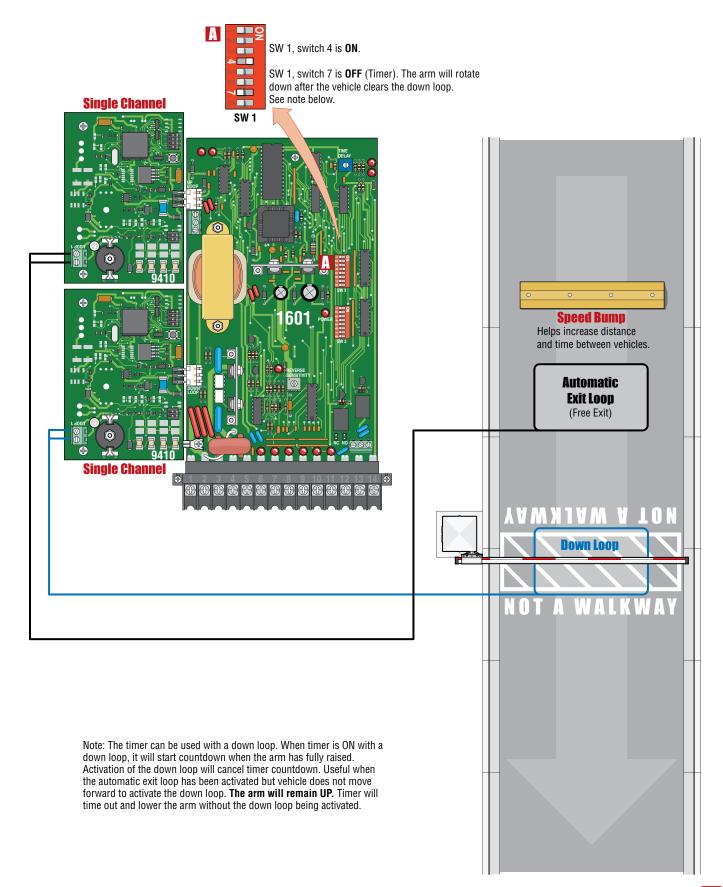
Before attempting to connect any wiring to the operator, be sure that the circuit breaker in the electrical panel is in the OFF position. Permanent wiring must be installed to the operator as required by local electrical codes. It is recommended that a licensed electrical contractor perform this work.

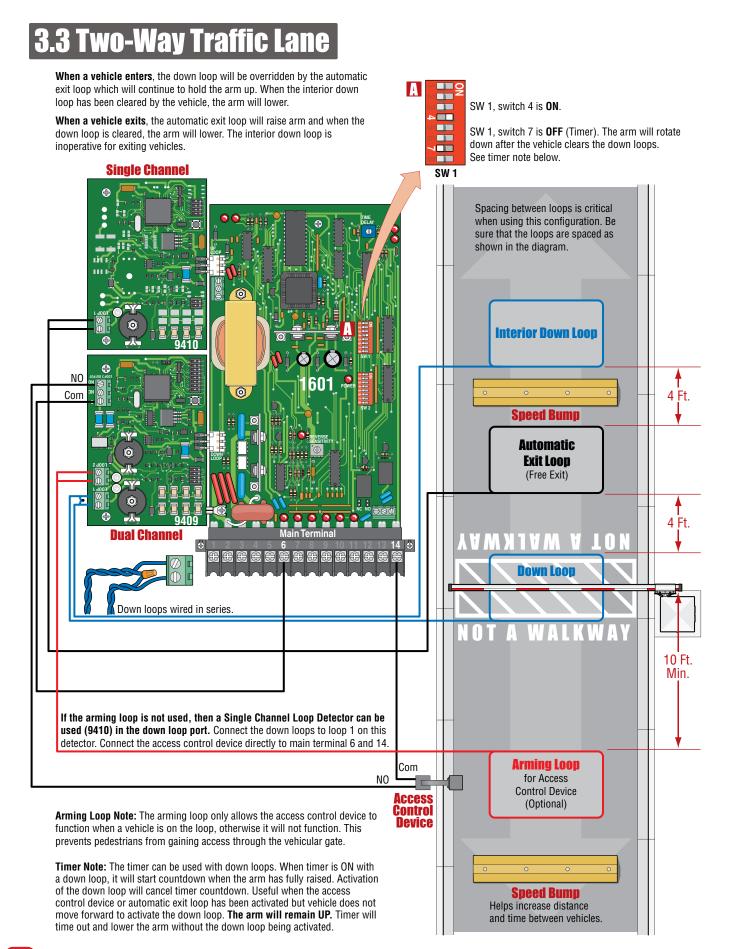
Loop detector wiring shown is for DoorKing model 9409 Dual Channel and 9410 Single Channel plug-In loop detectors only. If using other loop detectors refer to the separate Loop Information Manual for installation instructions, loops/preformed loops and wiring diagrams. All inputs to the main terminal are NORMALLY OPEN.

3.1 Entry Lane Only

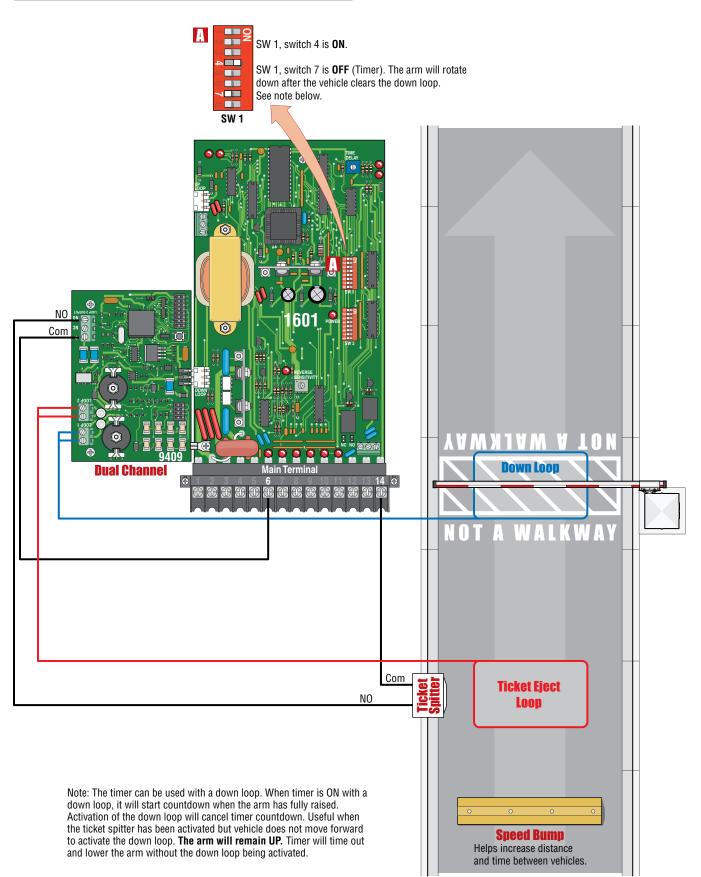


3.2 Exit Lane Only

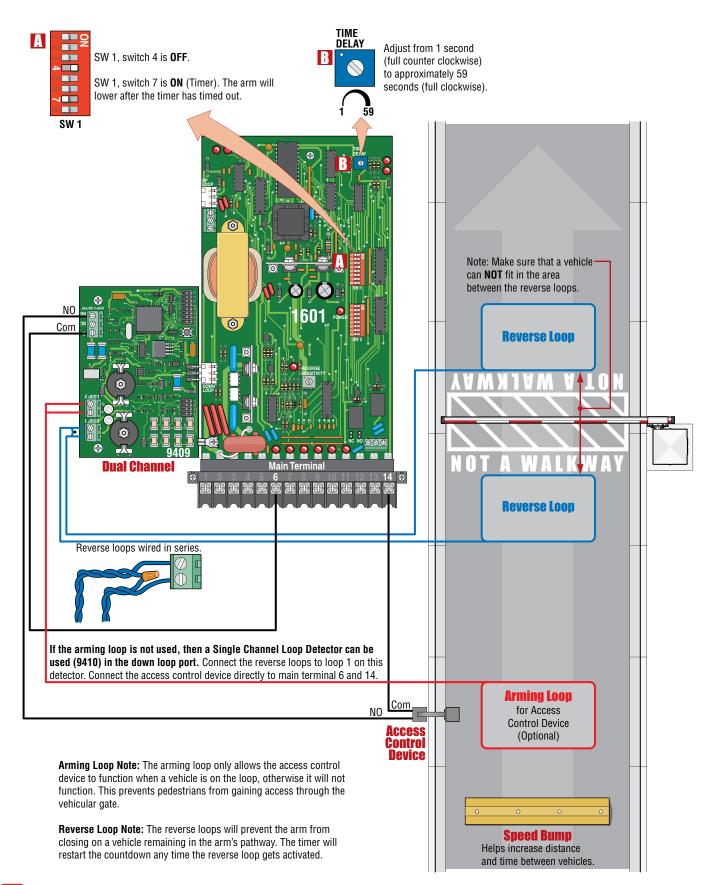




3.4 Ticket Spitter Entry Lane



3.5 Operator Timer ON Entry Lane (No Down Loop)



SECTION 4 - ARM INSTALLATION

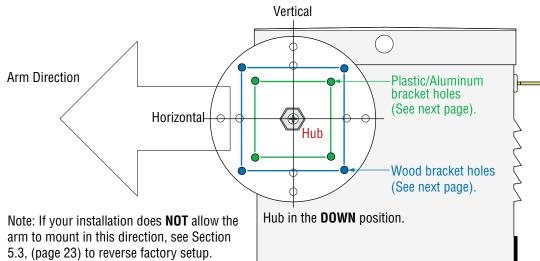
Arm installation varies depending on the operator model and individual installation requirements. All operators are equipped with 2 hub connections on opposite sides of the operator.

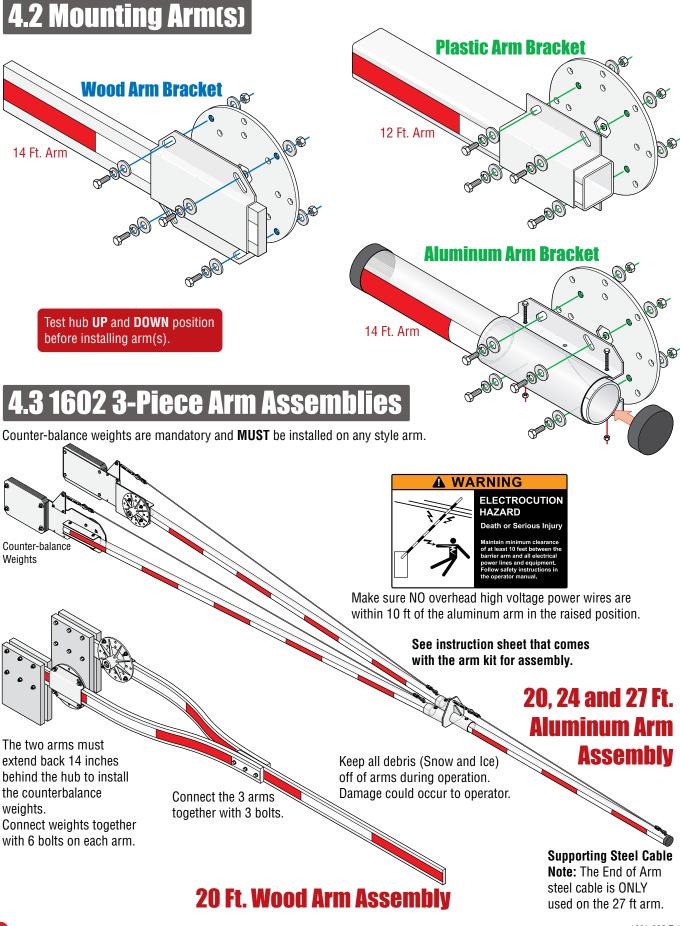
The 1601 operates with a single 14 ft. arm (either straight or folding arm). The 1601 **can not** operate with the 20 ft. to 27 ft. 3-piece arm assemblies.

The 1602 operator is designed for the 3-piece 20 ft. to 27 ft. arm assemblies only.

Mounting Hub(s) Second Hub Mount hub(s) as shown with operator in the **DOWN** position. A single hub should be mounted on the opposite side of oncoming traffic. 0 Arm Direction 0 Vertica H_{orizontal.} A Bolt Hub 0 TIL Screw 🔊 0 Locking Plate 0

Arm Direction and Bracket Hole Positions

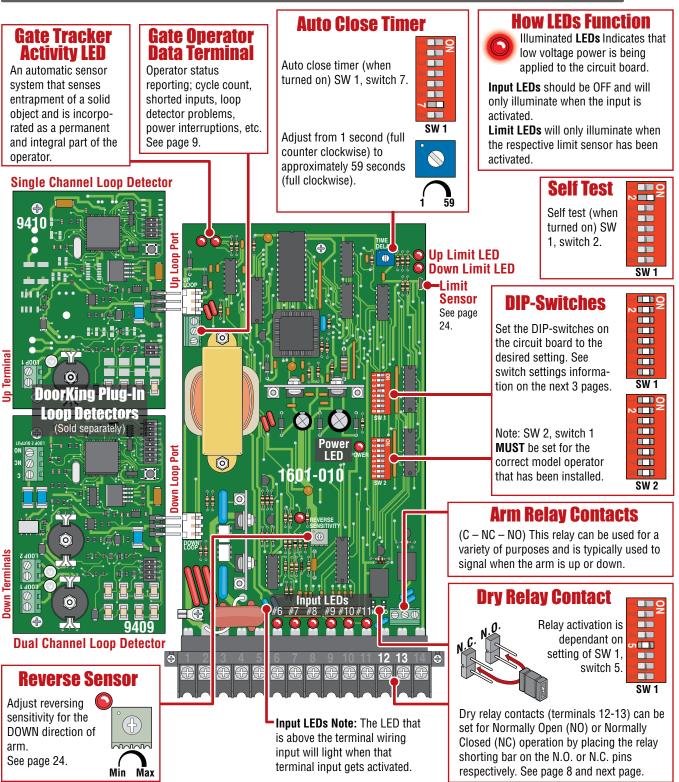




SECTION 5 - ADJUSTMENTS

The switch settings and adjustments in this chapter should be made after your installation and wiring to the operator is complete. Whenever any of the programming switches on the circuit board are changed, power must be shut-off, and then turned back on for the new setting to take effect.

5.1 1601 Circuit Board Description and Adjustments

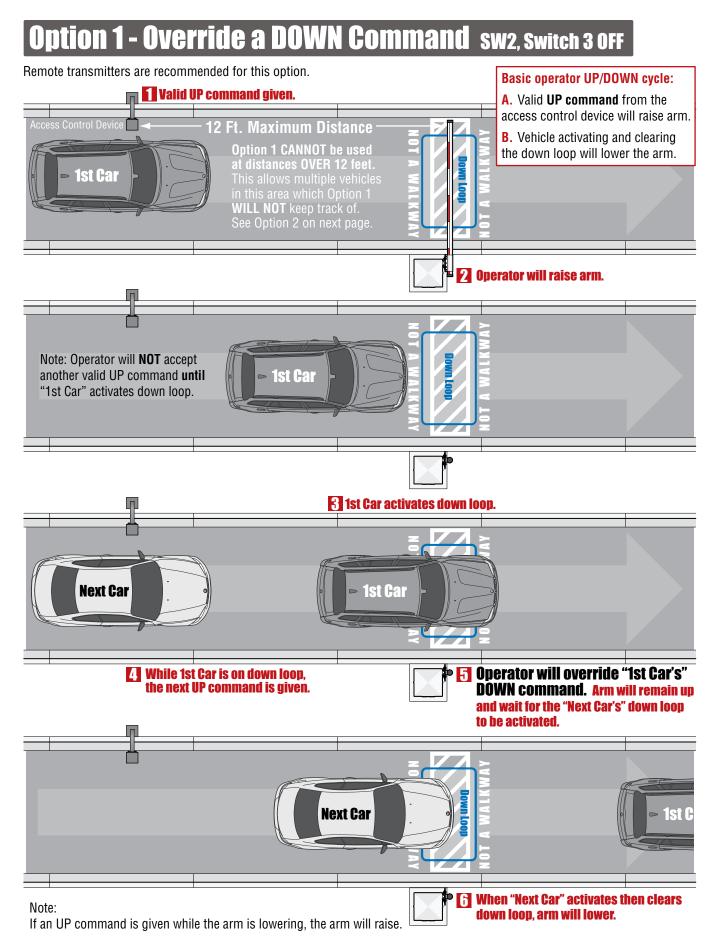


5.2 DIP-Switch SW 1 and SW 2 Settings

The two DIP-switches located on the circuit board are used to program the operator to operate in various modes and to turn on or off various operating features. Whenever a switch setting is changed, power to the operator must be turned OFF and then turned back on for the new setting to take affect. Check and review ALL switch settings prior to applying power to the operator.

SW 1 (Top 8 Switches) Switch Function Description Setting Down Active when arm Activation and then deactivation of the down loop or down / reverse input will cause the arm to rotate OFF down ONLY if the deactivation occurred after the arm reached the FULL UP position. is full up. 1 Activation and then deactivation of the down loop or down / reverse input will cause the arm to rotate Down Active when arm ON is moving up or is up. down AFTER reaching the FULL UP position regardless of when the deactivation occurred. **OFF** Normal setting. Self-test is turned off. 2 Self-Test Run self-test. ON Normal setting. Operator uses 360° of gearbox. Extends wear life of gearbox. OFF Gear Box Travel 3 Operator uses 180° of gearbox. See page 24. ON OFF Down / Reverse loop and input will function as a REVERSE loop and REVERSE input. Down / Reverse Δ Normal setting. Down / Reverse loop and input will function as a down input and cause the arm to Loop and Input ON rotate down upon deactivation of the input. See SW 1, switch 1 for additional information. Normal setting. Relay activates when the DOWN loop detector (DoorKing plug-in detector only) senses OFF a vehicle presence. 5 Relay 1 Activation Relay activates when the UP loop detector (DoorKing plug-in detector only) senses a vehicle presence. ON OFF Up Input will raise arm and/or reset the down timer. Input will not lower the arm. 6 **Up Input Function** ON Up Input will raise arm if it is down, or will lower arm if it is up. OFF Timer to lower arm is OFF. 7 Timer to lower arm is ON. Set from 1 to 59 seconds for close time delay. Timer can be used as a Timer ON secondary closing command for a down loop. Timer countdown starts when arm has fully raised. Down loop activation will cancel timer and lower arm **OR** arm will lower when timer has timed out. Output of the loop detector plugged into the UP loop port is switched to terminal 7 for connection to **OFF** other input terminals. Up Loop Port Input 8 Normal setting. Output of the loop detector plugged into the UP loop port will raise arm when **ON** activated.

	SW 2 (Bottom 8 Switches)					
Switch	Function	Setting	Description			
1	Model 1601	OFF	Switch must be OFF for model 1601 barrier gate operator.			
	Model 1602	ON	Switch must be ON for model 1602 barrier gate operator.			
2	Multiple Input Memory ON/OFF Switch	OFF	Normal setting. Operator will respond to a single UP command, then require a DOWN command. Operator will not accept multiple Up commands. Operator will not accept the next UP command until the previous DOWN command is in progress.			
		ON	Turns ON the multiple input memory option 1 or 2 (See switch 3). SW 1, switch 4 must also be on.			
3	Multiple Input Memory Options	Option 1 (OFF Position)	Override a DOWN command – When the arm is in the up position for a vehicle passing through and the next vehicle's UP command is received, the operator will hold the arm up and wait for the next vehicle to clear the down loop before lowering the arm. The operator will not count multiple UP commands. Distance between access control device and barrier operator is a factor when using this option. Remote transmitters recommended for this option. See next page for more information.			
	(SW2, Switch 2 must be ON) (SW1, Switch 4 must be ON)	Option 2 (ON Position)	Override Mulitlpe DOWN commands – The operator will count multiple UP commands received during an UP command and require a matching number of DOWN commands before lowering the arm. Distance between access control device and barrier operator is a factor when using this option. Remote transmitters NOT recommended for this option. See page 22 for more information.			
	Stop Arm Function	OFF	Normal setting. Arm will NOT stop DURING the down cycle.			
4		ON	Stop Arm Function – Arm will stop DURING the down cycle if a vehicle activates the down loop. An UP command will raise the arm, or the arm will continue down AFTER the down loop is cleared.			
5	Reverse Delay	OFF	Arm reversal is delayed approximately .5 seconds when a reverse input from terminal 9 is received during the down cycle. (eg. non-contact sensor beam is blocked). Limited application use.			
		ON	Normal setting. Instant Reverse – Arm reversal is delayed approximately .1 second when a reverse input from terminal 9 is received during the down cycle. (eg. non-contact sensor beam is blocked)			
6	Arm Rotation Direction	OFF	Normal setting. Leave in OFF position.			
1	Spare	OFF	Normal setting. Leave in OFF position.			
8	Spare	OFF	Normal setting. Leave in OFF position.			



Option 2 - Override Multiple DOWN Commands sw2, switch 3 ON

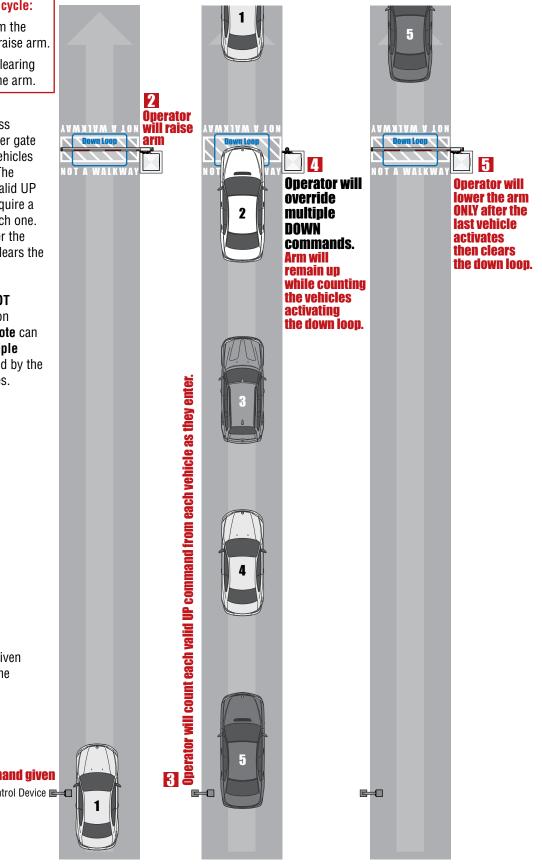
Basic operator UP/DOWN cycle:

A. Valid **UP command** from the access control device will raise arm.

B. Vehicle activating and clearing the down loop will lower the arm.

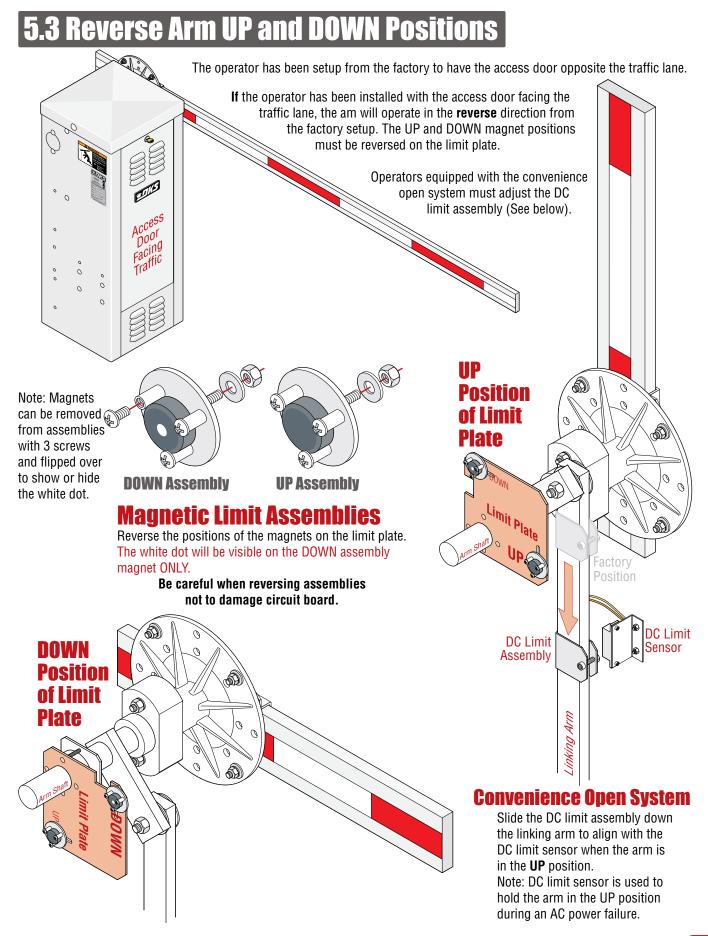
This option allows the access control device and the barrier gate operator to have multiple vehicles in the area between them. The operator will count all the valid UP commands received and require a down loop activation for each one. The arm will lower only after the last vehicle activates then clears the down loop.

Remote transmitters are **NOT** recommended for this option because **one vehicle's remote** can accidently be pressed **multiple times** which will get counted by the operator as multiple vehicles.



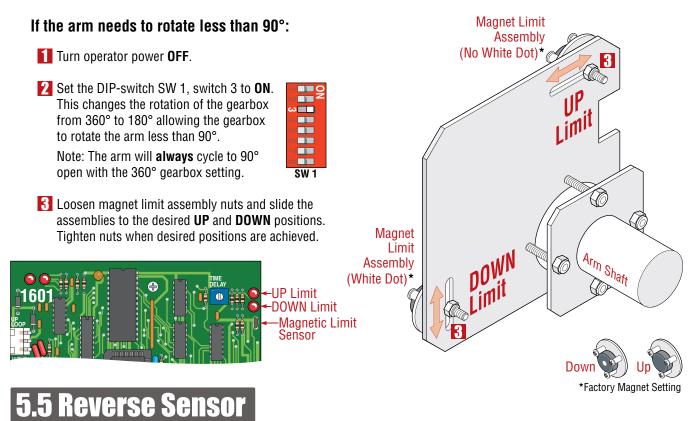
Note: If a valid UP command is given while the arm is lowering, the arm will raise.

Valid UP command given
Access Control Device



5.4 Magnetic Limit Adjustments

The operator has been preset at the factory to rotate 90°. No adjustments are necessary when used in a normal 90° setup.

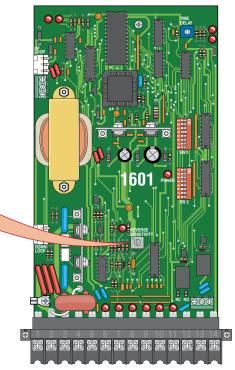


Reverse sensitivity adjustment will cause the barrier arm to reverse direction of travel should an object be encountered during the down cycle. The amount of force required for the arm to reverse direction depends on the reverse sensitivity potentiometer. **CAUTION: Keep pedestrians and vehicles clear of the arm zone while adjusting sensor!**

Min Max

While operator has AC power:

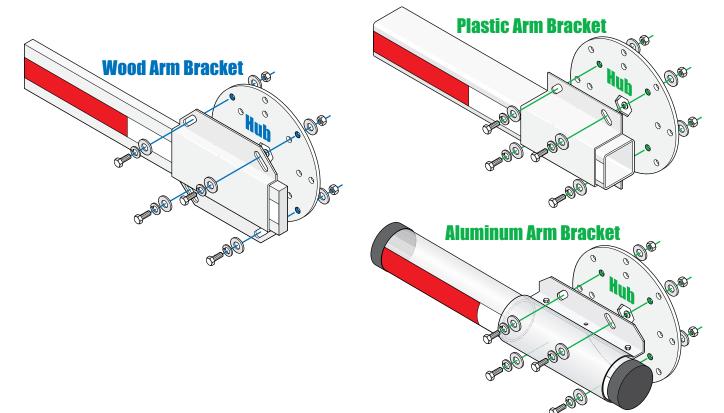
- Turn control switch to UP. Arm will rotate UP.
 Turn control switch to DOWN. While arm is traveling down, rotate reverse sensor clockwise until the reverse LED lights up and the arm reverses direction. Rotate reverse sensor back counterclockwise approximately 1/8 turn.
 Descent the adjustment of page 44 to find a
 - Repeat the adjustment as needed to find a satisfactory setting.



5.6 Manual Operation of the Arm

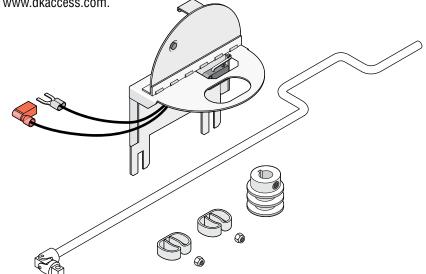
When a power failure occurs in an operator **WITHOUT** the convenience open feature with the arm (3-piece arm for the 1602) in the down position and the pathway needs to be open, **the arm MUST be unbolted from the hub with 4 bolts and removed to clear the pathway**. A manual release kit is offered from DoorKing to physically crank the arm up if desired (See below).

Operators WITH the convenience open feature can be set to automatically open the arm(s) during a power failure.



"Optional" Manual Release Kit

DoorKing offers a kit designed to be installed on the 1601 or 1602 barrier gate operators **WITHOUT the convenience open** feature. It provides a crank tool to manually move the arm up or down. **DO NOT install on convenience open models.** For further information about this kit, refer to the instruction sheet provided with the kit (P/N 1601-270) or go to DoorKing's technical web site at: www.dkaccess.com.



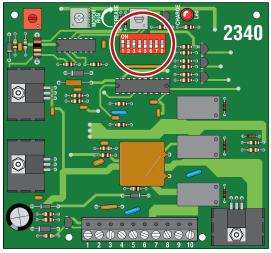
SECTION 6 - OPTIONAL CONVENIENCE OPEN SYSTEM

The optional convenience open system installed in your vehicular gate operator is designed as a convenience enhancement only. It is not designed or intended to provide continuous gate operation during a power outage. Its sole purpose is to provide a method to open the vehicular gate to allow unimpeded traffic flow when the gate and access control system is without power. If your access control system requires 100% power backup and continuous operation when primary (AC) power has failed, a power inverter / backup system, such as DoorKing's Models 1000 or 2000, is required.

- The convenience open system cannot provide continuous gate operation during a power outage.
- This system cycles the arm to the open position one time only after AC power failure.
- The convenience open system requires testing on a monthly basis to insure the batteries are fully charged and that the system is operational.
- The convenience open system uses two 12-volt, 3.0 amp-hour gel-cell batteries. These batteries should be replaced every two years on average, or sooner if required.
- Batteries are affected by temperature. Cold temperatures will reduce the effectiveness of the batteries. High temperatures will result in a shortened battery life.
- Batteries are not covered under warranty.

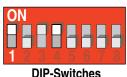
6.1 Operating Mode

This convenience open system consist of a control board (2340-010), motor and power supply (batteries) providing a completely redundant drive system to open the barrier arm should a power outage occur. This system is not designed to maintain continuous barrier operation; rather it provides a convenient method to open the arm **once** during adverse conditions. **If continuous barrier and access control system operation is required, refer to the DoorKing Models 1000 or 2000 Inverter / Backup Power System.**



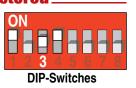
Automatic Open after loss of AC Power

Turn switch 1 **ON** and the system will automatically open the arm approximately 3 seconds after loss of AC power. Automatic mode is **always** used for barrier arms in general access applications such as gated communities, apartment complexes, etc. Switch 1 **OFF** is not used.

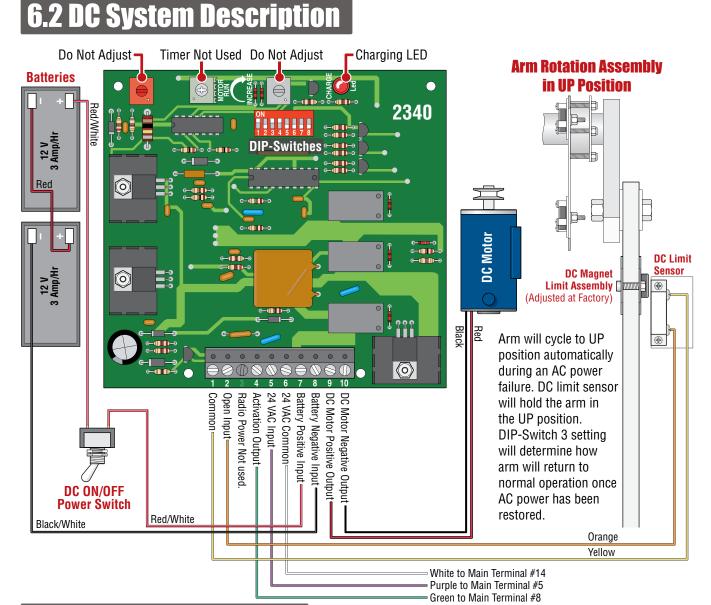


Restart Options once AC Power is restored

Once AC power is restored, the system's control board can be set to "**automatically re-key**" the operator (switch 3 **ON**) to establish normal operation, or can be set to require a "**manual input**" (switch 3 **OFF**) before the operator resumes normal operation.



Initial Power Up Convenience Open Note: The DC power is not present on the main circuit board until the first initial cycle.



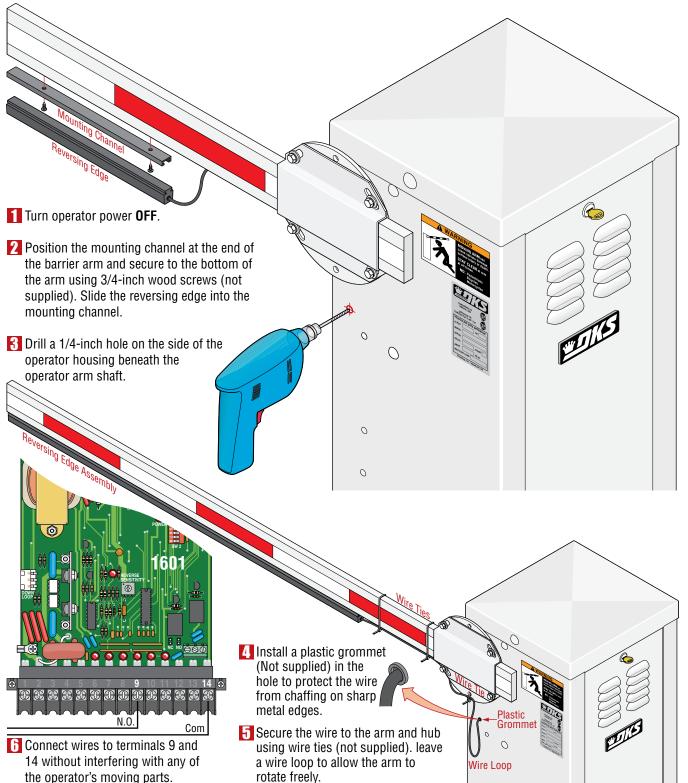
6.3 DIP-Switch Settings

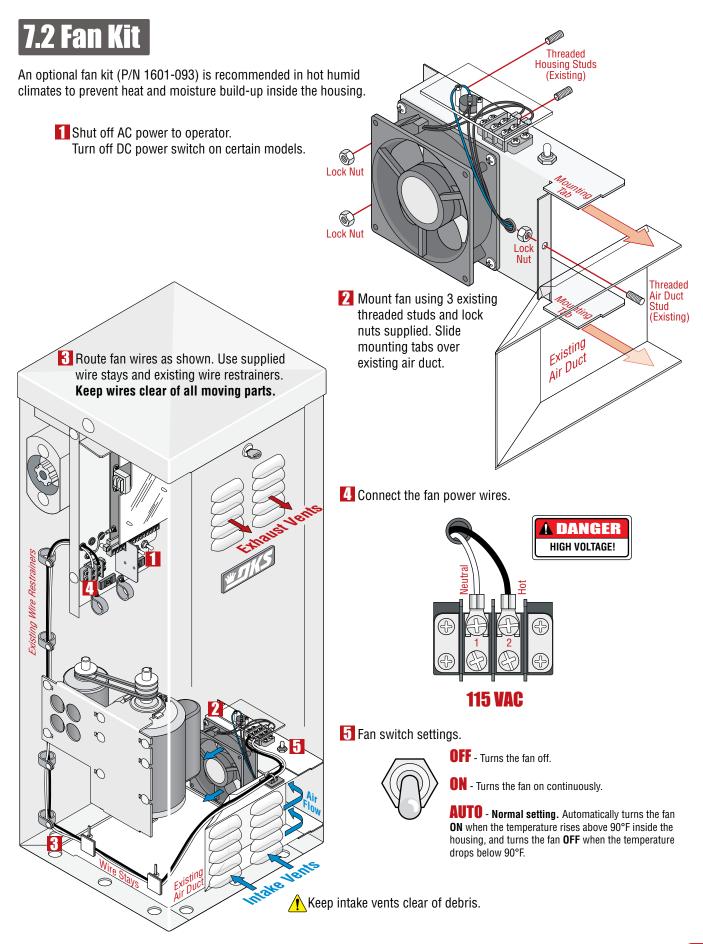
Switch	Function	Setting	Description
		OFF	Not Used
1	Operation	ON	Arm will automatically open when a power outage occurs.
2	Changes Open Direction	OFF	Set so that the arm runs to the open (up) direction upon loss of AC power.
	Automatic	OFF	When AC power is restored, an input (push button, loop, radio receiver, etc.) is required to return the arm to normal operation.
3	Power-up Activation	ON	When AC power is restored, a 1-second pulse is sent to the gate operator input to automatically restore normal operation.
4	Operator Type	ON	Must be in the ON position.
5	Not Used	OFF	
6	Not Used	OFF	
7	Not Used	OFF	
8	Not Used	OFF	

SECTION 7 - OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES INSTALLATION

7.1 Contact Sensor (Reversing Edge)

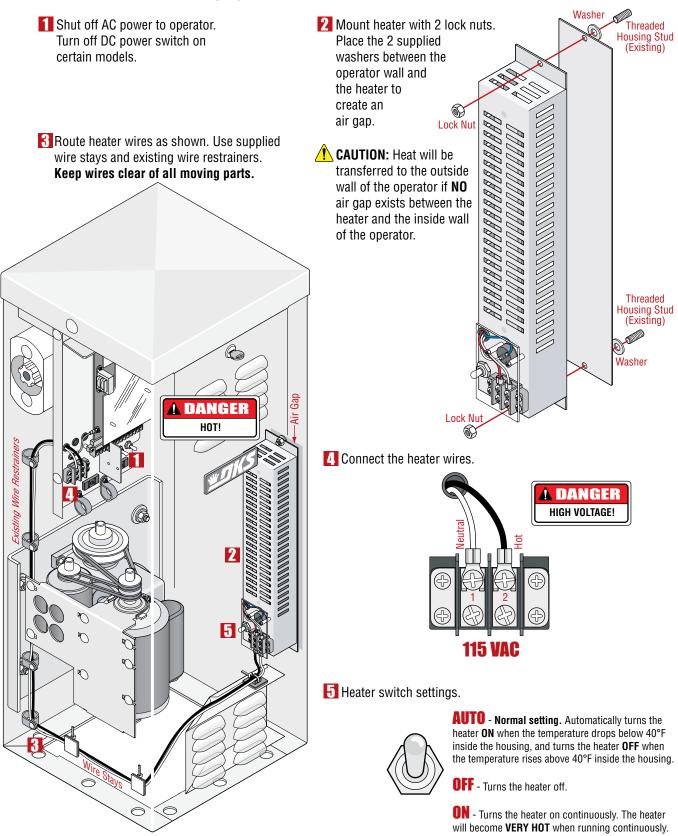
In addition to the electronic reversing device (ERD) an optional electric reversing edge may be installed offering additional protection to the arm, operator and obstruction. Available from DoorKing to fit all arm lengths.





7.3 Heater Kit

To avoid the gearbox oil from freezing an optional heater kit (115 VAC - P/N 1601-092) is recommended in areas where temperatures routinely drop below 40°F (4°C).



SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Inspection and service of this gate operator by a qualified technician should be performed anytime a malfunction is observed or suspected. High cycle usage may require more frequent service checks.

8.1 Maintenance

When servicing the gate operator, always check any secondary (external) reversing devices (loops, photo eyes, etc.) for proper operation. If external reversing devices cannot be made operable, do not place this operator in service until the malfunction can be identified and corrected.

Always check the inherent reversing system when performing any maintenance. If the inherent reversing system cannot be made operable, remove this operator from service until the cause of the malfunction is identified and corrected. Keeping this operator in service when the inherent reversing system is malfunctioning creates a hazard for persons which can result in serious injury or death should they become entrapped.

When servicing this gate operator, always turn power **OFF!!** If equipped with batteries, make sure battery power switch is **OFF**.

If gearbox requires oil, use only Mobil SHC-629 Synthetic Gear Oil. Do not completely fill gearbox with oil. Gearbox is full when oil completely covers inspection window.

Operator	Maintenance		Monthly Interval			
Component			6	12		
Arm(s)	Check for alignment, tightness and wear.					
Drive Belt(s)	Check for alignment, tightness and wear.					
ERD Reversing System	Check that the arm reverses on contact with an object in closing cycle. Adjust the reversing sensor if necessary.	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Batteries (On select models)	If operator is equipped with optional convenience open system, check the batteries for any leakage or loose connections. Batteries should be replaced every two years.	√				
Convenience Open System (Not on all models)	If operator is equipped with optional DC open system, check to be sure the system opens the arm upon loss of AC power. Operator should resume normal operation when AC power has been restored.	1	\			
Fire Dept.	Check emergency vehicle access device for proper operation.					
Gearbox	Check oil level and fill if necessary. Do not overfill.					
Linkages	Check internal linkages for wear. Inspect bushing for wear.					
Loop(s)	Check all external ground loops for proper operation.					
Pulleys	Check set screw for tightness.					
Secondary Reverse Device(s)	Check electric reversing edges and photo-cells for proper operation.			\checkmark		
Complete System	Perform a complete system check. Include all reversing devices, loops, access system devices, Fire Dept. access devices, etc.			<		

8.2 Diagnostics Check

Have the following diagnostic tools available: VOM meter with minimum voltage memory or min-max range to check voltage and continuity. Meg-ohm meter capable of checking up to 500 megohms of resistance to properly check ground loop integrity.

A malfunction can be isolated to one of the following:

- Gate Operator
- Loop System
- Keying Devices

Disconnect all external inputs to the circuit board terminal.

1. Use caution when checking high voltage areas: terminals 1 through 6, the motor capacitor and the motor.

2. Check the input indicator LED's. They should only come ON when a keying device (card reader, push button, etc.) is activated. If any of the input LED's are ON continuously, this will cause the gate operator to hold the arm up. Disconnect the keying devices one at a time until the LED goes OFF (see troubleshooting guide).

3. If the operator stops or holds open, check external entrapment protection devices for any shorts or malfunction.

4. A malfunction in a loop or loop detector can cause the gate operator to hold the arm up, or not detect a vehicle when it is present over the loop. Pull the loop detector circuit boards from the loop ports on the operator circuit board. If the malfunction persists, the problem is not with the loop system. For more information refer to the loop detector instruction sheet and the DoorKing Loop and Loop Detector Information Manual.

5. Check that there are no shorted or open control wires from the keying devices to the gate operator. If a keying device fails to open the arm, momentarily jumper across terminals 6 and 14 on the control board terminal. If the gate operator starts, this indicates that a problem exist with the keying device and not with the gate operator.

6. Check the supply voltage and batteries. A voltage drop on the supply line (usually caused by using wires that are too small) will cause the operator to malfunction. Batteries should be fully charged for proper operation, replace batteries every two years on average.

8.3 Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Solution(s)
Operator will not run. Power LED is OFF.	 Check that power to the operator is turned ON. Check for 117 VAC with a voltmeter at control board terminals 1 and 2. If voltage measures 0, check power supply to operator or check terminal strip. If voltage measures OK, replace control board.

8.3 Troubleshooting Continued

Symptom	Possible Solution(s)
Operator will not run. Power LED is ON.	 Momentarily jumper terminal 6 to terminal 14. If input LED does not come ON, check terminal strip or replace control board. If LED does come on, go to the next step. Momentarily jumper terminal 2 to terminal 3 (Caution – High Voltage). The motor should run. Momentarily jumper terminal 2 to terminal 4 (Caution – High Voltage). The motor should run in opposite direction of above. If motor does not run in either or both steps above, bad motor, motor capacitor or wiring to motor.
Arm rotates up, but will not rotate down.	 Check LEDs on terminals 6, 7 and 9. Any of these ON will hold the arm in the UP position. This indicates a shorted input. Check the LEDs on the loop detectors. Any ON will hold the arm in the UP position. Possible loop or loop detector problem. If auto timer is not used (SW 1, switch 7 off), check to be sure SW 1, switch 6 is in the ON position. This will cause terminal 6 to rotate the arm down when it is activated. Check to be sure SW 1, switch 4 is ON. This will cause terminal 8 activation, then deactivation to rotate arm down.
Down input / down loop will not rotate arm to down position.	 Check to be sure, switch 4 is in the ON position. Down input must be activated, and then deactivated to cause arm to rotate down.
Loop detector LED is on continuously.	 Activate the reset switch on the loop detector. Decrease loop detector sensitivity. Check loop wire for resistance to ground with meg-ohm meter. Should be 100 meg-ohms or higher. If less than 50 meg-ohms, replace loop wire. Be sure loop lead-in wire is twisted at least 6 turns per foot. Be sure all loop connections are soldered. Replace loop detector.
Loop detector LED never activates.	 Increase loop detector sensitivity. Check continuity of loop wire. Should be 0 ohms. If continuity check indicates anything other than 0 ohms, check all connections. Replace loop wire. Move loop detector board to the other loop detector port on the control board, and then check loop operation. If loop detector still fails, replace loop board. If loop detector operates OK in the other loop port, replace control board.
Battery back-up system will not raise arm upon power outage.	 Check that the back-up system toggle switch is in the ON position. Check to be sure that the 2340-010 battery back-up control board switch settings are set as described in SECTION 6. Check the batteries for proper voltage, replace if necessary. Replace the 2340-010 Back-up control board.

8.4 Accessories Parts List

The following accessories are available for 1601 and 1602 barrier gate operators.

Loop Detector - Plug directly into ports on circuit board simplifying wiring.

P/N 9410-010 - Single channel detector.

P/N 9409-010 - Two channel detector.

P/N 9411-010 - Single channel detector with aux relay. Controls arm lowering for vehicles but NOT for pedestrians.

Loop Wire - XLPE insulation is available in 500 and 1000 foot rolls, available in Black, Blue and Red insulation.

Loop Sealant

P/N 2600-771 Asphalt P/N 2600-772 Concrete

Manual Release Kit for the 1601 or 1602 - Installs on operators WITHOUT the convenience open. P/N 1601-270

Meg Ohm Meter - Checks the integrity of ground loops. P/N 9401-045

Interconnection Cable - Interconnection cable contains all the necessary wires to interconnect primary / secondary operators. Cable length: 30 ft. - P/N 2600-755 40 ft. - P/N 2600-756 50 ft. - P/N 2600-757

High Voltage Kit - Alter the input AC voltage on a 115 VAC 1601/1602 to 208, 230, 460 or 575 VAC. P/N 2600-266

Reverse Edge - Installs on the bottom of the arm. P/N 8080-016 - 6 ft. Available from DoorKing to fit all arm lengths.

Photo Cell - Prevents arm from lowering on vehicles or pedestrians. P/N 8080-018

Manual Gate Control Toggle - Allows user to manually operate gate arm. Fits inside single-gang electrical box. P/N 1200-017

Time Clock - 7 and 365 day clocks, used to automatically open gate at pre-set time, fits inside operator. P/N 2600-791 7 day clock

P/N 2600-795 365 day clock

Surge Devices - Helps prevent circuit board failure caused by lightning strikes and power surges.

P/N 1879-080 - High Voltage

P/N 1878-010 - Low Voltage

Replacement Battery - Convenience open system. P/N 1801-009 (2 required)

Speed Bump - Prefabricated 6-foot speed bump reduces traffic speed through gate system. P/N 1610-150

Heater Kit - Thermostatically controlled heater for cold weather areas. 115 VAC - P/N 1601-092

Fan Kit - Thermostatically controlled fan for hot humid environments. P/N 1601-093

Gate Tracker[™] - Optional control board allows the barrier gate operator to report activity to a companion 1833, 1835, 1837 or 1838 access control system.

Wood Arm Only - 14-foot replacement wood arm. P/N 1601-348 Wood Arm Mounting Kit - Wood arm mounting bracket, hub and mounting hardware. P/N 1601-240 Wood Folding Arm Kit - Low headroom applications (Arm included). P/N 1601-384

Plastic Arm Only - 12-foot replacement plastic arm. P/N 1601-571

Plastic Arm Mounting Kit - Plastic arm mounting bracket, hub and mounting hardware. P/N 1601-241

Plastic Folding Arm Kit - Low headroom applications (Arm included). P/N 1601-383

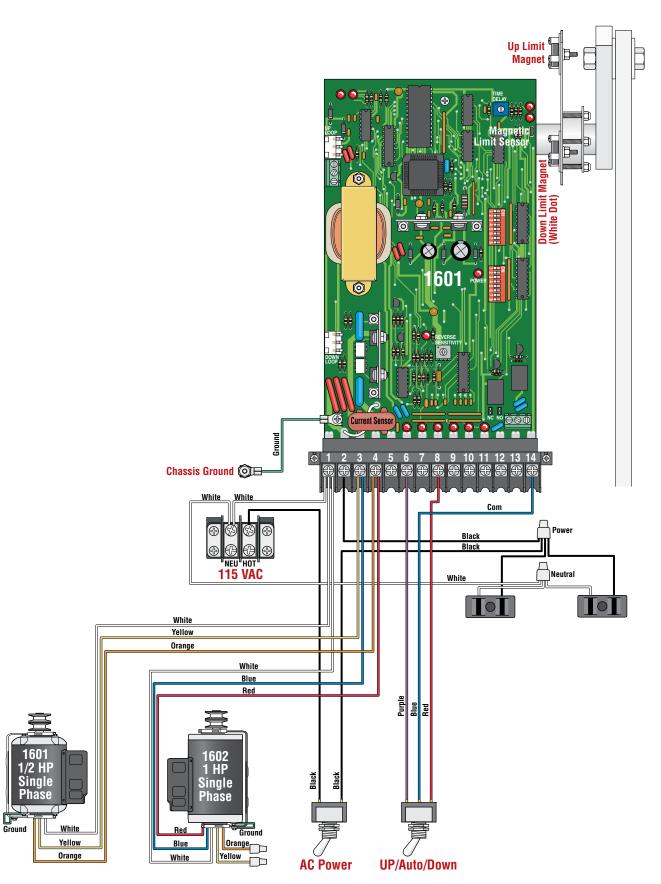
Aluminum Arm Only - 14-foot replacement aluminum arm. P/N 1601-516 Aluminum Arm Mounting Kit - Aluminum arm mounting bracket, hub and mounting hardware. P/N 1601-242 Aluminum Folding Arm Kit - Low headroom applications (Arm included). P/N 1601-610

20 Ft 3-Piece Aluminum Arm Kit - For the 1602 barrier gate operator ONLY. P/N 1602-162
 24 Ft 3-Piece Aluminum Arm Kit - For the 1602 barrier gate operator ONLY. P/N 1602-164
 27 Ft 3-Piece Aluminum Arm Kit - For the 1602 barrier gate operator ONLY. P/N 1602-166
 (Aluminum arm mounting brackets, hubs and mounting hardware included in all 3-piece aluminum arm kits)

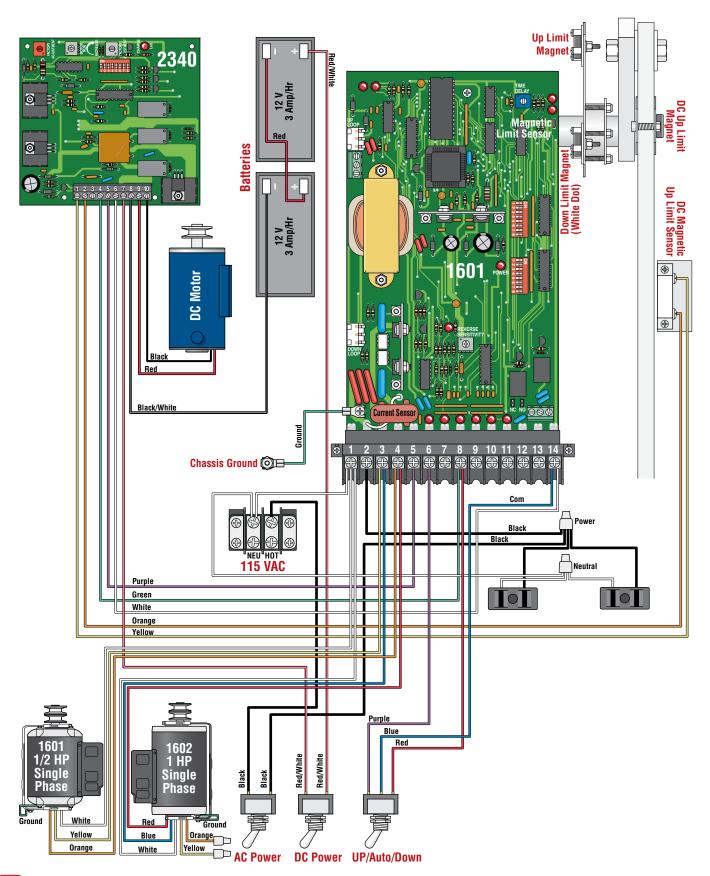
20 Ft 3-Piece Wood Arms Only - For the 1602 barrier gate operator ONLY. P/N 1602-340 20 Ft 3-Piece Wood Arms Mounting Kit - Wood arm mounting brackets, hubs and mounting hardware for 20 ft 3-piece wood arms. P/N 1602-041

Foam Padding for 14 Ft Arm - Foam padding for the aluminum or wood arm. P/N 1601-260

1/2 or 1 HP 115 VAC



1/2 or 1 HP 115 VAC / Convenience Open



Installation/Owner's Manual

Use this manual for circuit board 1601-010 Revision V or higher.

1601-065-T-12-15

1601 / 1602

Barrier Gate Operator



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